

HEALTH & WELLBEING BOARD ADDENDUM

4.00PM, TUESDAY, 19 MARCH 2019
COUNCIL CHAMBER, BRIGHTON TOWN HALL

ADDENDUM

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	(b) Written questions from members	
56	HEALTHWATCH BRIGHTON & HOVE LET'S GET YOU HOME - A REPORT ON THE EXPERIENCES OF OLDER PEOPLE BEING DISCHARGED FROM THE ROYAL SUSSEX COUNTY HOSPITAL, BRIGHTON FROM JULY-SEPTEMBER 2018	9 - 26
	Report of the Executive Director for Health & Social Care, the Managing Director of South, Central Sussex and East Surrey Commissioning Alliance, and the Chief Executive for Healthwatch Brighton & Hove	

Tel: 01273 296805

Contact: Barbara Deacon Ward Affected: All Wards

Contact:

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

(B) WRITTEN QUESTIONS FROM MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

(I) Submitted by Mr John Wood

Can the council confirm that 10 extra units for Housing First will be available from 1 April 2019?"

(II) Submitted by Madeleine Dickens

Given the imminent merger of the HWB with the city CCG, and the proposed Integrated Care Partnership, are councillors aware of the acceleration of NHS privatisation being carried out by the CCG? The latest CCG Contracts Log reveals well over £100 million in private contracts including many £millions in payments to private hospitals. Does HWB agreement to the joint arrangements indicate acceptance of the fragmentation and dismantlement of the NHS which such levels of privatisation are bringing about?

(III) Submitted by Ken Kirk

Trusts for our local health services are under immense financial stress, with record deficits. Primary care services are at breaking point. Demand for healthcare outstrips funding. The only way that "sustainability" can be achieved is by more cuts, limiting the service to Brighton and Hove; to suggest otherwise is deception. Is it not right that the HWB committee set up to represent the people be honest and admit that the pretence that's conveyed in STP plans, that a comprehensive health and social care system can be created by integrating them, isn't possible? Isn't it time that you are straight with us?

MEMBER INVOLVEMENT

(B) WRITTEN QUESTIONS FROM MEMBERS

(I) Submitted by Councillor Tracey Hill

Following the Scrap the Fee Notice of Motion passed at Full Council in February 2018, please can the CCG confirm that they contacted all GPs requesting that they voluntarily provide letters free of charge to victims of domestic abuse to support applications for legal aid?

Let's get You Home

Summary of Recommendations and agreed actions for improvement

Healthwatch identified recommendations in four key areas:

- 1. Communication
- 2. Personalised care
- 3. Delayed Transfers of Care
- 4. Independent Living

	Recommendation	Agreed action	responsible officer	impact / date of delivery
1.	Communication Improved patient communication from admission; written and verbal communication hospital to home patient advice.	•	• •	
1.a	Discharge Planning should start within 24 hours of admission	 Work has already started on discharge planning for all patients within 24 hours after admission. One document covering patient advice is now being piloted in draft form 	Head Nursing of Discharge	May 2019

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in key areas. Existing stock of 'Planning Your Discharge from Hospital' is available on the wards whilst production of the new document is completed. A continuation of education and coaching on the wards and acute floor is underway with a link role in the Discharge Coordinator Team for Education, and the appointment of a Matron for Integrated Discharge to support the Safety and Quality agenda around Hospital Discharge, whilst supporting the team managerially and operationally,	Head Nursing of Discharge	Ongoing
successful candidate is		March 2019
expected to take up		
post beginning of	Head Nursing of	
June 2019.	Discharge	

		•	Engagement with senior nursing network planned at Nursing Midwifery Management Board 13/3. Plan with Head of Nursing for Practice Development to consider the Discharge Planning Document when reviewing all current Admission and Discharge documentation, which will include a prompt to date and sign that the initial discussion around discharge has taken place and documentation has been given to patient/family/carer There is 7 day HASC social work presence in RSCH to support early discharge planning.	Head Nursing of Discharge And Head of Nursing Practice Development Assistant Director, HASC	
1.b	Written Discharge Planning should be provided to all patients	•	The current 'Planning You Discharge from Hospital' document along with the	Head Nursing of Discharge	May 2019

		separate 'Let's get you Home' booklet is currently being provided to patients and families. The new document will combine these two documents.
1.c	Communication should be consistent for all patients	The content structure of the above document (1.b) is consistent
1.d	Every patient should receive one document covering all patient advice	One document covering patient advice is now being piloted in draft form in key areas.
2		spital and community-based staff. Information to be consistent, complete ointed as having responsibility for the overall discharge planning.
		 Established Board Rounds on each ward, which invites all Multidisciplinary Team members to participate and assign actions for the day. The Discharge Team is now covering 7 days a week since December 2018 and working closely All divisions Heads of Nursing, Head of Discharge and NHSI support team. lead by COO Commenced February 2019

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Multi Agency	Nursing , Head of	
 Multi Agency events have been 	Discharge and NHSI	
held since 2016 in	support team.	
various forms to	lead by COO	
review all inpatients		
at specified		
Lengths of Stay,		
currently a new		
process has just		
been launched		
supported by NHS		
Improvement's		
Emergency Care		
Intensive Support		
Team where all		
patients over the		
length of stay of 21		
days are reviewed,		
themes and actions		
are recorded and		
each ward will be		
receiving a report		
with their own		
performance		
illustrated along		
with the Hospital's		
overall		
performance.		
In 2018 a clinical		
review took place		
supported by the S&Q Team at B&H		
CCG of a number		
of cases where		
discharge did not		

		go well when discharged to local Intermediate Care Units, this was interesting and gave understanding of some limitations in community care settings and also raised some themes that have been able to improve on. There is regular HASC social worker involvement in daily board rounds and in teleconferences.	Assistant Director, HASC	
3.	Hospital staff should maintain a written family member/carer about the patient's and family members/carers should be gredesigned to allow this information to	s discharge. This informa given a copy of this form;	tion should be held in on	ne form and patients
		 The discharge documentation is being reviewed and this will be taken into consideration. Discharge Planning 	Head Nursing of Discharge	Immediate

		meetings currently	Head Nursing of	
		are documented	Discharge with Education	
		but not shared with	Team	
		the patient and	Toam	
		family, this is a		
		clear gap in the		
		communication and		
		is relatively simple		Ongoing ourported by
		to resolve.		Ongoing supported by
	•	Best Interest		Safeguarding, dementia
		Meetings are a		and discharge teams
		formal process		
		where there is a		
		formal chair and		
		minute taker		
		therefore meeting		
		notes are taken and		
		shared with the		
		patient and family.		
	•	The Continuing		
		healthcare Process		
		includes a consent		
		section which		
		initiates a		
		conversation		
		between the		
		Discharge		
		coordinator/Patient/		
		Family around the		
		expectations and		
		specific discharge		
		process.		
		Work to focus on		
		the ward Led	Senior Nursing Network	
		Simple Discharges	and Education Team	
		Simple Discharges	and Eddodion Todin	

		and documentation around these conversations. • HASC, SCFT and BSUH are currently working to develop a joint discharge leaflet.		June 2019
4.	Personalised Care: Patients and family members, carers or those in their support network should be involved in the decisions about the patient's care both during their stay and also regarding what will happen to them on leaving hospital. They should be made fully aware of any choices and given the opportunity to say for themselves what kind of care they might need at home. Where possible, practical and safe to do so these views should be factored into pre- and post care arrangements; and where not achievable, explanations should always be provided.			
		If a patient is admitted from	_	ongoing

home every effort is	
made to discharge	
them to their home	
if safe to do so. If	
the discharge is	
considered simple,	
either no care	
required on	
discharge or a re-	
start of their	
previous package	
of care, this is led	
by the wards and	
the ward or	
Hospital Rapid	
Discharge Team	
will liaise with the	
patients/families/car	
ers. This is often	
not happening early	
enough in	
someone's	
admission – so is	
part of the work to	
be undertaken	
around simple	
discharges and will	
be addressed	
through the	
development of	
standard work with	
board rounds and If	
the discharge is	
more complex and	
the patient will	

T T			
	require some		
	support to return		
	home this is		
	discussed with the		
	patient and family		
	and planned		
	around their level of		
	need.		
	 If home is not 		
	possible or		
	recommended		
	straight from		
	hospital, Letters		
	have been		
	produced to inform		
	patients and family		
	members that		
	perhaps a period of		
	rehabilitation has		
	been		
	recommended or		
	transfer to our sub-		
	acute ward in		
	Newhaven is		
	necessary. The		
	letters invite the		
	patient and family		
	to discuss any		
	concerns with staff	Assistant Director, HASC	
	members or	7.0515tarit Director, 11700	
	Discharge Team.		
	workers form part		
	of the discharge		
	team		

5.	Hospital and community care services should differentiate between patients living with, or regularly supported by family and/or friends, and those living alone and unsupported.				
	Our Hospital Rapid Discharge Team work in the Emergency Department, Acute Floor and Care of the Elderly Wards, screen everyone who meets their criteria, the screening document initiates an initial conversation about what support the patient previously had and is documented on a specific screening tool. This is not used widely as is quite comprehensive and the standard admission document covers patients less likely to have complex discharge situations. In April 2019 we are launching new nursing documentation which will be less detailed but prompts initiation of the conversation. HASC social workers form a key part of the rapid discharge team. HASC social workers provide support and formal assessment for carers where required.				
6.	Reduction of delayed transfers of care				
	reduce the number of stranded patients	s, particularly for this age	group (65 years old plus	5).	
		Multi-agency DToC summit held with ongoing weekly meetings since August. Focus is reducing DToC For 'stranded' patients: ASC support with weekly in-patient review		reduction in DToC from 6% to 3.2& by December 2018	
		Daily Multi Agency Teleconference which reviews each medically ready patient, defines what we are waiting for and what the next step is. Also records whether the patient is considered an actual Delayed Transfer of care – this is in discussion with all on the call. A set of DTOC principles have been produced in line with	All system partners	Ongoing	

•	to support the clarification of DTOC's, e.g. Timeframes from referral to assessment, confirmation that referrals have been received, Has all internal assessments and information been provided? If the Discharge Plan was initiated that day, is there anything that would prevent the patient from being discharged, if the answer is no, then they are a Delayed Transfer of Care. A robust database is kept which is used in the background on the Daily Multi Agency Teleconference and generates a daily report which shares the updates and actions for and a performance dashboard indicating the DTOC figure for the day, Discharges facilitated from the medically Ready caseload and also	Head Nursing of Discharge	Ongoing
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informing of what services and localities patients are delayed waiting for. • This daily report will then feed into the weekly sitrep reporting process which is reported to NHS Head Nursing of Discharge	Reviewed and reported weekly
 England. The target of 3.2% has been achieved and held consistently with an occasional variance. A heightened focus on weekend discharges with community and 	Under on-going review
Adult Social care support is hoped will drive the number of medically ready and pts who are delayed down even further with a consistent daily approach rather than 5 days a week service. • New Superstranded process supported by ECIST in the implementation with an aim to reduce the number of superstranded (LOS 21+ days) considerable	Weekly reviews undertaken and evaluated

		and identify themes to resolve that can prevent future delays. Regular and Accurate Information being provided by community partners informing the acute trust which patients have been referred to their services and what capacity is available is vital in the preparing patients for transfer and discharge.	All system partners	
7.	The hospital should maintain services the weekend at the same level of services		s and access to medical	prescriptions during
	the weekend at the same level of service	The desire and ability to		
		provide a 7 day discharge		
		service has improved		
		somewhat with Discharge		
		Coordinator, Hospital		
		Rapid Discharge Team		
		also covering the		
		weekends, along with		
		community partners and		
		adult social care cover. To		
		provide 7 days service in		
		all specialities would		
		involve a high level of		
		investment and services		
		are examining how they		
		can re-organise their		
		services without severely		

	compromising weekday activity
8.	Independent Living: All patients who are discharged home should receive an assessment for independent living and where needed, provided with the appropriate support structure (adaptation) to enable independent living.
	Where possible the Home First model is implemented where patients are discharged home and assessed within their own home rather than being assessed in hospital. (This pathway is primarly funded by the CCG.) When care capacity allows this is an excellent model, however capacity has been reduced and we now see patients waiting in hospital for Home First Discharges. First and Foremost Hospital Discharge is always aimed to return the patient to their home and encourage independence as much as possible. Where possible we utilise Age UK and Red Cross Hospital Discharge Services to support the patients discharge.
9.	All patients should be provided with written advice about living independently post-discharge. This should include advice about how to maintain good hydration and nutrition and how to access local support groups and activities e.g. the Brighton and Hove Ageing Well service.

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		All patients now receive	Head Nursing of	May 2019
		advice on nutrition and	Discharge	
		hydration and accessing		
		community groups. BSUH		
		are providing information		
		that will go into the new		
		Discharge Information.		
		The current stock of		
		hospital documentation is		
		being used in conjunction		
		with the Lets Get You		
		Home leaflets until stocks		
		are used. Whilst the new		
		documents are being		
		completed and produced.		
10.	Better follow-up arrangements: Every	patient to be provided with	n advice on who is likely	to contact them and
	who they should contact should a prob	olem arise. Each patient to	be provided with a suita	ble support structure at
	home. Service provision discussed in	the hospital should be foll	owed through to service	provided at home.
		The new discharge	Head Nursing of	May 2019
		document will include	Discharge	
		useful contacts if a	Sara Allen	
		problem arises.		